

RiceAdvice digital support

Your Digital Guide to Better Harvests

RiceAdvice helps rice farmers optimize their crops! This app takes 10 minutes to





Africa Rice Center Kazuki Saito

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals











Digital applications, Advisory and information service

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones



Target groups

Farmers

answer questions about your farm, then recommends the best fertilizer types, amounts, and timing. It even helps set yield goals and fight weeds efficiently.



8.8



Scaling readiness: idea maturity 8/9; level of use 8/9

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- Inefficient Fertilizer Use: Wrong amounts and types hurt yields and waste money.
- Weeds Steal Profits: Without effective control, weeds can significantly reduce harvest.
- Guessing Game Yields: Unclear targets and calendars lead to inefficient farming.
- Climate Woes: Adapting to droughts and floods is a constant struggle.
- Offline Knowledge Gap: Limited internet access cuts farmers off from vital resources.

Solution

- Fertilizer Fix: Get the right amount and type for bigger yields and less waste.
- Weed Warrior: Fight weeds with "RiceAdvice-WeedManager" for a cleaner harvest.
- · Yield & Calendar Coach: Set smart goals and plan your season based on your farm's needs.
- Climate Champion: Adapt and thrive despite weather challenges.
- Offline Access: Use it even with limited internet (occasional connection needed).

Key points to design your project

RiceAdvice app offers free, field-specific advice for rice farmers.

To integrate in a project:

- Download it and train extension agents to help farmers access the app's features. This includes guidance on nutrients, weeds, yield targets, and climate risks.
- · Monitor results and consider collaborating with agricultural groups to promote wider adoption.

While the app is free, consider costs for devices, data, and extension agent support.



(ROI: \$\$\$) 100—200 USD

Income increased per hectare

() IP

Open source / open access



0.6-1.8 ton per hectar Average grain yield





Cut and Bury Motorized weeders for rice production

Effortless Weed Control for Bountiful Harvests

The Motorized Weeders for rice production (cut and bury) technology eliminate weeds in rice crops. The rotating blades of the weeders ensure effective weeding while minimizing damage to rice crops and soil. These machines can be used from the germination of rice plants until the canopy closes.





Africa Rice Center Kalimuthu Senthilkumar

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals





Categories

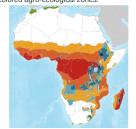
Production, Equipment, Mechanized farming, Weed control

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.





Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- · Labor-intensive manual clearing of paddy fields
- · Inefficient weed control methods leading to reduced rice yields
- · Limited access to affordable and effective mechanized weeders for smallholder rice farmers

Solution

- Introduction of motorized weeders for efficient clearing of paddy fields
- Adoption of mechanized weed control methods to increase rice yields
- · Provision of affordable and effective mechanized weeders for smallholder rice farmers

Key points to design your project

The adoption of Motorized Weeders for rice production offers a solution to enhance agricultural efficiency and reduce labor-intensive tasks. Key steps to integrate this technology include:

- Informing farmers, importing or locally fabricating equipment.
- Organizing collective purchases or rentals, and facilitating access to small loans.
- Training and support for technology usage and maintenance are essential.



Cut & bury with a 2-stroke petrol engine

ROI: \$\$\$) 80 %

Labour-saving for weeding.

∏IP

Open source / open access





Engineered irrigation surfaces and water lifting

Optimize rice farming with precision-engineered surfaces and efficient water lifting for increased yields and resource conservation.

The technology of engineered irrigation surfaces and water lifting involves creating flat surfaces in rice fields and using pumps to evenly distribute water. This helps farmers save water, energy, and nutrients, improving rice growth and increasing yields.





Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals







Categories

Production, Practices, Water management

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored



Target groups

Farmers

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

8.8



Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- The variation in ground level significantly impacts rice yield, with a notable decrease.
- Leveling the land requires substantial effort from
- The irrigation methods employed by farmers can be costly and, at times, stress the plants.

Solution

- Engineered irrigation surfaces ensures a uniform distribution of water across the crop, optimizing growing conditions.
- · Laser-guided systems and mechanized tools reduce the manual effort required, making the process more accessible for farmers.
- Water lifting technologies provide efficient water delivery also contributes to healthier plant growth, alleviating stress on the crops.

Key points to design your project

Engineered irrigation surfaces and water lifting technologies address challenges in traditional rice improving productivity. To integrate them,

- Raise awareness, identify suitable methods, provide small loans, assess equipment needs,
- Consider delivery costs, engage trainers, develop communication materials,
- · Collaborate with institutes, and associate with Motorized weeders for a comprehensive and sustainable approach.

Cost: \$\$\$ 4 700—5 500 USD

Add-on equipment

30-80 usp

1000 usp

800 usp

 \bigcirc IP

Hand-operated pumps Solar-powered pump High-pressure pumps

Unknown



ORYLUX varieties Aromatic Rice for Africa

Local African aromatic rice

This technology is all about growing special types of delicious-smelling rice in Africa. These rice varieties are designed to grow well in African conditions. They taste really good and are in high demand. Right now, not enough of this rice is grown in Africa, so a lot of it has to be imported.





Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Gender assessment



This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

Climate impact

Problem

- Low production of aromatic rice in Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA)
- · High dependence on imports from Asia
- Limited access of farmers to seeds suited to prevalent growing conditions
- Lack of aromatic rice varieties adapted to SSA's conditions
- · Need to improve yields, quality, and resistance of
- Insufficient connections between stakeholders for commercialization

Solution

- Development of aromatic rice varieties tailored to SSA's agroecosystems
- · Crossbreeding with elite lines to maintain high yields and beneficial traits
- Utilization of genetic mapping and molecular tools for faster breeding
- · Dissemination of ORYLUX seeds in local markets to increase availability
- Establishment of connections between farmers, processors, and consumers for value maximization













Categories

Production, Improved varieties,

Quality improvement

Tested/adopted in

Tested & adopted Adopted

Tested

Key points to design your project

- 1. Identify suitable ORYLUX varieties.
- 2. Raise awareness about its benefits.
- 3. Ensure access to seeds and support.
- 4. Estimate seed quantity and costs.
- 5. Provide training and communication support.
- 6. Collaborate with institutes and companies for implementation.



Cost: \$\$\$ 1,3 USD

A Seed cost per kg

10—12 κg per Ha

Planting densities

51 USD per Ha

105 USD per

200 USD per

OIP

Ha

Unknown Harvesting and

Where it can be used This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.

Target groups

Farmers, Seed companies, Sellers

Labour costs for planting

Ha Fertilizer inputs

winnowing of grain







NERICA New rice for Africa varieties

NERICA: Higher Yields, Resilience, and Profitability for African Farmers.

NERICA varieties are tailored for African conditions, offering high yields (2 to 6 tons per hectare), resistance to weeds and drought, and adaptability to poor soils. They show moderate resistance to diseases and pests, reducing the need for chemical interventions and promoting sustainable agriculture in Africa.





Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals









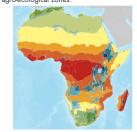
Categories

Production, Improved varieties, Yield improvement, Drought tolerance



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers, Seed companies

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

8.8

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- Traditional rice varieties often yield less, impacting food security and farmers' income.
- · Conventional varieties are more susceptible to pests and diseases, leading to yield losses.
- Many varieties struggle in nutrient-poor soils and under erratic rainfall.
- Insufficient local production leads to heavy reliance on imported rice, affecting economic stability.

Solution

- · NERICA varieties yield more, ensuring food security and higher income.
- They resist pests and diseases, reducing chemical
- · Thrives in poor soils and limited water, suitable for diverse environments.
- Boosts local production, enhancing economic
- · Accessible to small-scale growers, improving practices and income.

Key points to design your project

To integrate NERICA technology into your project, consider the following steps:

- Develop NERICA varieties tailored to local growing conditions.
- Conduct awareness campaigns to highlight the benefits of planting improved rice varieties.
- Ensure equitable access and financial support for local suppliers and farmers.
- Estimate seed quantity needed, including technology costs and delivery expenses.
- Engage a team of trainers for installation support and develop communication materials.
- · Consider optimizing NERICA with other agricultural practices like nitrogen management and weed control.
- Collaborate with agricultural institutes and seed companies for implementation.

Cost: \$\$\$ 0.8—1.2 USD

(ROI: **\$\$**\$)

25-39 %

Per kg of seeds

1.7-0.7 ton per ha

with and without fertilizer

Open source / open access





GEM parboiling system Parboiling and flour production equipment for rice

Reduce milling losses, enhance nutritional and organoleptic quality

The technology improves rice parboiling with a new design, replacing traditional methods prone to emissions. Tailored for small to medium-scale processors, it enhances efficiency and product quality, reducing steaming time and improving grain quality significantly.





Africa Rice Center Ernest Asiedu

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals













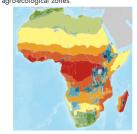
Transformation, Equipment, Agrifood processing

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers, Processors

✓ This technology is <u>TAAT1 validated</u>.

7.7



Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- · High milling losses.
- Decreased nutritional quality of the rice.
- Undesirable texture, aroma, and appearance of
- · Significant time and effort required for the process.

Solution

- · Reduces steaming time to 20-25 minutes, minimizing emissions exposure.
- · Improves grain translucency, reduces chalkiness, and boosts nutritional value.
- · Provides low glycemic index, increased fiber, and higher vitamin B availability.
- · Allows longer storage as rice flour, aiding food
- · Made from simple, locally available materials.

Key points to design your project

To integrate it into your project, follow these steps:

- Raise awareness among processors and consumers about GEM parboiling systems.
- · Assist in selecting the right system size and configuration.
- Ensure a steady supply of high-quality rice.
- · Develop marketing strategies for rice flour and derived products.



Cost: \$\$\$) 400 USD

(ROI: \$\$\$) **70** %



Internal rate of return for a GEM parboiling system

QIP

Open source / open access

GEM parboiling system

equipment 0.64 USD

firewood per 100kg of rice

https://e-catalogs.taat-africa.org/gov/technologies/gem-parboiling-system-parboiling-and-flourproduction-equipment-for-rice Last updated on 22 May 2024, printed on 22 May 2024

Enquiries techs@taat-africa.org





Foliar micronutrient addition for healthier rice

Enhancing Yield and Nutrition with Micronutrient Sprays

The technology "Foliar Micronutrient Addition for Healthier Rice" is developed to address micronutrient deficiencies in rice crops. The application of micronutrients onto the rice canopy aims to enhance the harvest yield and nutritional quality of the grain without requiring extensive investment or infrastructure.





Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals







Categories

Production, Practices, Yield improvement

Tested/adopted in

Tested & adopted Adopted Tested

Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.

Target groups

Farmers

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

Scaling reas.
8/9; level of use 8/9

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- Crucial deficient of soil in rice-growing areas in crucial micronutrients like magnesium, calcium, copper, zinc, manganese, and boron.
- · Low rice yield and micronutrient content

Solution

- The technology supplements essential elements directly to plant leaves,
- Enhances both grain yield and nutritional value. It can be used in various soil conditions.
- The nutrients are quickly absorbed through the leaves, providing immediate benefits to the plant.

Key points to design your project

This technology on rice addresses low micronutrient content in Sub-Saharan Africa. It promotes sustainable agriculture, aligning with goals for food security and poverty reduction. To integrate this technology,

- Inform farmers, assess micronutrient deficiencies, formulate application plans, and provide resources.
- Estimate fertilizer and sprayer quantities, considering delivery costs.
- · Training, communication support, and collaboration with agricultural institutes are crucial for successful implementation.



ROI: \$\$\$ 7-30 %

Yield increased

40 USD

30-45 USD

 \bigcirc IP Open source / open access

Knapsack sprayers with a tank of 20 Protective kits per person





Urea deep placement Nitrogen management for Efficient Rice **Fertilization**



Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals









Categories

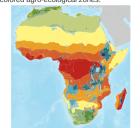
Production, Practices, Soil fertility, Yield improvement

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers

Boost rice yields and save on fertilizer costs through efficient nitrogen management

Deep Urea Placement involves drilling urea granules into rice fields, optimizing nutrient uptake, soil fertility, and productivity. Placed 7 to 14 centimeters deep, it ensures consistent nitrogen supply, particularly suitable for lowland rice farming with clay soils.

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.





8/9; level of use 8/9

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

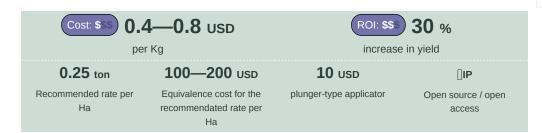
- Inefficient Nitrogen Utilization.
- Environmental Pollution due to traditional urea application.
- Low Grain Productivity due to high nitrogen losses from current urea practices.
- · High production costs without proportional yield
- · Limited irrigation in optimizing traditional urea application under varying rainfall.
- Climate disturbances causing by greenhouse gas emissions from conventional urea application.

Solution

- · Large granules release nitrogen slowly, optimizing absorption by rice crops, reducing waste, preserving the environment and preventing contamination.
- · Direct nitrogen delivery enhances soil fertility, promoting healthier rice crops and higher
- · Subsoil placement contributes to increased drought resilience in farming systems.
- · Single-season application reduces labor and overall production costs.
- Suited for diverse agroecologies, benefiting both subsistence and commercial rice farmers.

Key points to design your project

- 1. Evaluate the required product quantity and cost, considering USD 0.4-0.8 per kilogram and a recommended rate of 0.25 tons per hectare.
- 2. Consider the technology's supply location, factoring in delivery costs and potential import duties.
- 3. Trainers can provide support during installation; budget for training and post-training assistance.
- 4. Develop communication materials for technology promotion.
- 5. Enhance the improved maize variety with companion planting, foliar micronutrient addition, engineered irrigation, motorized weeders, and RiceAdvice digital support.
- 6. Collaborate with agricultural institutes and agro-dealers for nationwide implementation.





Last updated on 15 July 2024, printed on 15 July 2024





Adapted rice varieties for Africa Advanced rice varieties for **Africa**

Arica rice, the high yield, disease and stress tolerant rice

Hybrid ARICA lines are advanced rice varieties with high yield potential and resistance to diseases and environmental stresses. They are developed using a three-line or a two-line breeding system, involving backcrossing, test-crossing, and microsatellite screening. To be classified as ARICA, a breeding line must outperform benchmarks in seed yield and grain quality over three seasons. Fiel...





Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals













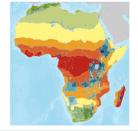


Production, Improved varieties, Yield improvement, Quality improvement





This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Breeders, Farmers, Seed companies

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**





Scaling readiness: idea maturity 7/9; level of use 7/9

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- Low Productivity: Traditional rice varieties in Africa yield inadequately.
- Susceptibility to Pests and Diseases: Common rice diseases and pests diminish yields and threaten food security.
- Abiotic Stresses: Environmental variability poses significant challenges, affecting crop growth and productivity.
- Limited Adaptation: Traditional rice varieties struggle to adapt to diverse agroecosystems, resulting in suboptimal performance.

Solution

- High Yield Potential: ARICA varieties offer increased productivity and profitability.
- Disease and Pest Resistance: ARICA lines resist common rice diseases and pests, ensuring stable yields.
- Abiotic Stress Tolerance: ARICA hybrids withstand environmental stresses, ensuring consistent yields.
- · Adaptability: ARICA varieties thrive in diverse agroecosystems, providing flexibility to farmers.
- Specialty Traits: Some ARICA lines possess traits like drought resistance and iron toxicity tolerance, addressing specific challenges.

Key points to design your project

- Steps to integrate ARICA technology:
 - Develop and certify tailored ARICA varieties.
 - Raise farmer awareness about benefits.
 - Facilitate financial support for seed purchases.
 - Provide training on cultivation and management.
- Accompanying solutions:
 - Deep urea placement for nitrogen management.
 - Foliar micronutrient addition for crop nutrition.
 - Engineered irrigation surfacing and water lifting.
 - Motorized weeders for effective weed control.
 - RiceAdvice digital support for comprehensive guidance.





https://e-catalogs.taat-africa.org/gov/technologies/adapted-rice-varieties-for-africa-advanced-rice-varieties-for-africa varieties-for-africa Last updated on 22 May 2024, printed on 22 May 2024



Rice Threshing and Polishing Machines Axial flow thresher and improved quality polishing

Efficient rice threshing and polishing for premium quality grains, boosting income and market access in african communities.

Axial flow threshers utilize a rotating drum to separate rice grain from the surrounding husk, while abrasive polishers remove outer bran layers. Key parts are made of stainless steel for durability and hygiene. These equipment can be powered by diesel/petrol generators or solar installations for easy use in rural areas.





Africa Rice Center Sali Atanga Ndindeng

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Sustainable Development Goals



Categories

Harvest, Equipment, Post-harvest handling

Tested/adopted in



Rice





Problem

Gender assessment

- High grain losses due to manual threshing methods.
- Inefficiencies in the traditional polishing process, particularly manual rubbing.

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

- Time-consuming and labour-intensive artisanal practices.
- Difficulty in processing large volumes of rice in communities.

Solution

8•8

Climate impact

· The motorized axial flow threshers reduces grain breakage and loss compared to traditional manual methods.

8/9; level of use 8/9

- The mechanized equipment drastically reduces the time and labour required for threshing and polishing.
- · The mobile units are designed to be highly mobile and can be easily transported to even remote rural areas.

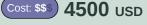
Key points to design your project

The adoption of Axial flow thresher and improved quality polishing offers a solution to enhance agricultural efficiency and reduce labor-intensive tasks. Key steps to integrate this technology include:

- Inform rice farmers, cooperatives and millers about the benefits of motorized threshers and polishers for increasing value addition and market access, and reducing post-harvest costs and losses.
- · Identify suitable setup and size of mobile rice processing equipment
- Establish reliable supply of rice by drawing up contracts and delivery schedules for farmers.
- · Provide loans to community-based and commercial processors for acquiring mobile units.

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.

Target groups Farmers



Local thresher

3000 USD

∏IP

20 %

Losses reduced

15000-20000 USD Advanced polishers and whiteners

Small bench-top polishers

Patent granted



RiceAdvice Lite Digital **Advisory for Rice**

Empowering Rice Farmers with RiceAdvice Lite

Android or web-based decision support tool - RiceAdvice Lite provides fieldspecific recommendations on optimal sowing window and fertilizer management, and other good agricultural practices for irrigated and rainfed lowland rice.



This technology is <u>pre-validated</u>.





Scaling readiness: idea maturity

Gender assessment



Climate impact



Problem

- Fertilizer misuse
- Suboptimal rice management
- Impact on productivity and sustainability
- · Risk to millions of people's food security

Solution

- Site-specific fertilizer recommendations
- · Optimal planting times



Excellence in Agronomy Ali Ibrahim

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals





Categories

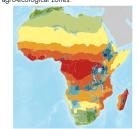
Production, Digital applications, Advisory and information service, Yield improvement

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Development institutions, Farmers,

Governments

Key points to design your project

"RiceAdvice Lite" is a digital tool offering personalized guidance for rice cultivation, addressing key challenges and optimizing farming practices. To integrate it into your project,

- · Download the app,
- · Identify business models,
- Invest in recommended technologies,
- · Monitor progress, and promote adoption through partnerships.



Unknown



AKILIMO Digital Decision

We know cassava

AKILIMO is a digital application that provides personalized cassava farming advice using advanced algorithms. It offers guidance on planting, fertilizing, and harvesting based on user inputs, aiming to maximize yield and profit. It's





Excellence in Agronomy Barbra Sehlule Muzata

Technology originally documented by

CASH from EiA

Commodities

Cassava, Maize, Rice

Sustainable Development Goals





Categories

Production. Digital applications

Best used with

• "Six Steps" cassava weed management >

Support Tool

accessible through various platforms, catering to all literacy levels.

This technology is pre-validated.





8/9; level of use 7/9

Gender assessment



Climate impact

გ7

Problem

- · Lack of Guidance: Farmers lack personalized advice for optimal crop management and input
- Poor Strategies & Productivity: Limited guidance leads to suboptimal farming strategies and lower productivity.
- · Inefficiency & Unsustainability: Without proper advice, resource usage is inefficient and farming practices may be unsustainable.

Solution

- Personalized Advice: AKILIMO offers tailored, data-driven crop management recommendations.
- Analytics & Optimization: It uses advanced analytics for resource optimization, improving yields and reducing costs.
- Sustainable Practices: AKILIMO promotes environmentally friendly and responsible farming.

Key points to design your project

AKILIMO offers tailored advice for cassava farming, addressing key challenges like nutrient management, weed control, yield goals, climate risks, and resource access. It optimizes production, boosts profits, and minimizes waste.

Integrating AKILIMO:

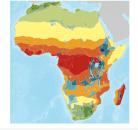
- Partnership: Partner with EiA for advanced analytics and agronomic expertise, and with Extension Agents for effective farmer outreach and optimal use of AKILIMO.
- · Awareness & Training: Host events and training to educate farmers and agents on AKILIMO's benefits and usage.
- On-field Support: Employ agents to assist farmers with AKILIMO navigation and advice application.
- Accessible Interfaces: Provide AKILIMO via printable guides, apps, IVR, and chatbots.
- Demo Plots: Showcase AKILIMO's effectiveness in demo plots to build trust.
- Feedback Mechanism: Establish feedback channels to enhance AKILIMO based on user input.
- Expansion: Scale AKILIMO to new regions and crops for broader impact.

Continuous efforts and farmer-centric focus are essential to making AKILIMO a valuable farming tool.



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones



Target groups

ROI: \$\$\$) 2567 %







Trace FairFood Traceability Solutions

Easy-to-use solution for food traceability

Trace technology is an advanced tracking solution for agricultural and foodrelated companies, offering transparency and sustainability. It enhances consumer trust by providing clear and verifiable data about a product's journey and ethical production practices.





Fairfood Marten van Gils

Commodities

Common bean, Cassava, Cowpea, Leguminous, Maize, Sorghum/Millet, + 9

Sustainable Development Goals







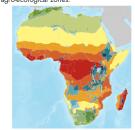
Production, Prevention & storage, Transformation, Market, Pre-production, Digital applications, +-3 more

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones



Target groups

Breeders, Farmers, Processors, Fish Farmers, Sellers

This technology is <u>pre-validated</u>.

9.7



Gender assessment



Problem

- Agri-food companies struggle with risk mitigation in their operations.
- Transparent traceability of agri-food products is challenging to ensure.
- The food industry lacks sufficient tools for storing and managing essential data.

Solution

Climate impact

- · Traceability solutions enable showcasing the precise origin of products.
- Transparent sharing of evidence supporting brand values with the public.
- · FairFood's traceability solutions contribute to increased income for farmers.
- · Foster transparency and trust, helping create fairer compensation mechanisms within the agri-food supply chain.

Key points to design your project

"FairFood Traceability Solutions" offers a digital platform to enhance transparency and trust in the agri-food supply chain. To integrate this technology into your project,

- Accessing the platform and installing the necessary software, considering associated costs.
- · Configure the platform with relevant supply chain information and provide training and ongoing support to
- Utilize the platform to track product movement and share transparent information.

10,000 € 100 € Initial investment Social Return on Investment per farmer per YEAR 3000 € 20 € \bigcirc _{IP} subscription/user/year Operating Investment / YEAR Open source / open access





Rice Swarna 2

Unleashing Prosperity with Resilient Rice - Medium Cycle, Maximum Yield, Unmatched Quality

Rice Swarna 2 is an advanced rice variety designed for high yields (up to 10 MT/ha), superior milling quality (over 70%), and strong resistance to diseases like BLB and blast. It offers double the yield of traditional OPVs, leading to increased profitability for farmers. This technology represents a significant shift towards sustainable, high-yield agriculture.





Advanta Seeds Ibrahim Shindu

Commodities

Rice

Sustainable Development Goals







This technology is pre-validated.

9.9



Problem

Gender assessment

Low Yields: Poor farming and weather affect rice

Insufficient Milling: Bad milling leads to money

Reduced Tolerance to Bacterial Disease: Vulnerability to a bacterial disease causes yield losses.

Blast Disease Susceptibility: Lack of resistance to a fungal disease results in crop losses.

Solution

Low Yields: Rice Swarna 2 yields up to 10 MT/ha, enhancing food security.

Insufficient Milling: With a milling percentage over 70%, it improves market value.

Reduced Tolerance to Bacterial Disease: It's engineered to resist bacterial diseases.

Blast Disease Susceptibility: It also has strong resistance to fungal diseases.

Categories

Production, Improved varieties, Yield improvement, Quality improvement

Best used with

- Nitrogen management for Efficient Rice Fertilization >
- Foliar micronutrient addition for healthier rice >
- Motorized weeders for rice production >
- RiceAdvice digital support >
- Axial flow thresher and improved quality polishing >
- Parboiling and flour production equipment for <u>rice ></u>

Key points to design your project

Rice Swarna 2, a high-yielding and disease-resistant rice variety, tackles gender inequality (SDG 5) and climate change (SDG 13). Increased yields can empower women farmers by improving food security and livelihoods. Reduced disease might lead to less pesticide use, benefiting the environment.

Successful implementation requires a plan:

- Secure certified seeds and suitable land with proper drainage and irrigation.
- Train farmers on specific planting methods for Swarna 2.
- Plant Swarna 2 seeds according to recommended spacing.
- Implement proper weed control, fertilization, and irrigation throughout the season.
- · Monitor crop health and assess yield to measure success and identify areas for improvement.

Remember: Access to necessary tools and equipment is crucial.

(Cost: \$\$\$) 115 USD

Average cost of seeds for a farmer /ha

2000 usp

475 usp

Average gross income /ha

Total input costs /ha



Tested & adopted Adopted Tested

Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.









Herbicides Calculator

Reduce pesticide and herbicide losses with IITA's herbicide calculator

The IITA Herbicide Calculator is a digital tool that helps farmers figure out the right amount for backpack sprayers. This tool was developed using Java language, the Ionic framework, and Android Studio, ensuring its robustness and usability.





International Institute of Tropical Agriculture (IITA) Godwin Atser

Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Maize, Rice, Sorghum/Millet, Cowpea, Soybean, Cassava, + 1 more

Sustainable Development Goals







Categories

Production, Digital applications, Pest control

• The"IITA Herbicides Calculator" technology

ensures the precise application of pesticides,

mitigating issues related to over or under-dosing.

• Residue of chemical products in crops due to overdosing of pesticides or herbicides.

• The widespread misuse of pesticides (including

· Loss of inputs (pesticides or herbicides) during

herbicides) due to poor calibration of spray tanks.

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**

Key points to design your project

To integrate this technology,

Gender assessment

Problem

applications.

- Establish training programs and connect producers to financial support and markets.
- · Estimate costs for the subscription to the IITA Herbicide calculator, android phones, data, training, and communication support.

7.7

Solution

Climate impact

• Collaborate with agricultural development institutes and seed multiplication companies.

30,000 usp

Cover training, android phones, data



Open source / open access

· Its promotes the effectiveness of herbicides,

facilitating their optimal application.

Tested/adopted in



Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored

agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers





PICS Hermetic Bags for Safe Storage of grain

Low cost storage technologies for grain

Hermetic bags are like super-sealed containers that stop air and moisture from reaching the grains inside. This way, farmers can store their grains for up to two years without them getting bad. This is good for farmers because it means they always have enough food and can sell their grains for better prices.





The Alliance of Bioversity International and the International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) Laurie Kitch

This technology is **TAAT1 validated**.

9•9



ProPAS

Gender assessment

Climate impact



Problem

- · Food insecurity and poor livelihoods for small-
- High post-harvest grain losses due to inadequate storage techniques and pest infestations
- · Sale of grains at low prices after the harvest

Solution

- · Kills insects and microbial organisms by stopping renewal of oxygen that is consumed by pests and by the grain and accumulating carbon dioxide
- · Preserves grain quality and allows storage for up to two years
- No need to use fumigants and insecticides for conservation

Technology originally documented by

Commodities

Common bean, Rice, Wheat, Maize, Sorghum/Millet, Soybean

Sustainable Development Goals







Categories

Prevention & storage, Equipment, Post-harvest handling

Best used with

· Mechanized Threshing Operations >

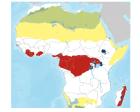
Tested/adopted in





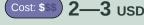
Where it can be used

This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones



Key points to design your project

This technology is a eco-friendly solution supporting Sustainable Development Goals by addressing hunger and improving health. To integrate it, plan activities like estimating product quantity and costs, considering logistics, and accounting for training. Communication materials should be developed. Ensure grains are adequately dry before using hermetic bags.





Reduction of loss

90 %

Bag cost for users

∏IP

50 or 100 κg Bag capacity

2 year Life span

Trademark

