

Aquaculture and vegetables Integration System Integrated Aquaculture and Agriculture **Systems**





Aquaculture and Crops system for better yield

"Integrated Aquaculture and Agriculture Systems" is a method where fish and plants are co-cultivated. Fish waste serves as plant fertilizer, while plants purify the water for fish. This system optimizes resource use and enhances productivity in both aquaculture and agriculture.



This technology is **TAAT1 validated**





Scaling readiness: idea maturity

Climate impact

Gender assessment



Problem

- Depleted soil: Reduced crop yields due to nutrient loss.
- Limited land: Difficulty expanding agriculture due to scarce arable land.
- Water competition: Farmers and fishers compete for water resources.
- Food insecurity: Difficulty accessing affordable
- **High feed costs:** Traditional fish farming methods are expensive.

Solution

- · Waste to Wealth: Fish waste nourishes crops, reducing fertilizer costs.
- · Double Duty: Fish and crops share land, maximizing output.
- · Water Sharing: Same water sustains both fish and
- · Protein on the Plate: Fish farming provides affordable protein.
- · Feed Savings: Crop leftovers become fish food, lowering costs.



Technology originally documented by

ProPAS

Commodities

Vegetable crop, Fish

Sustainable Development Goals











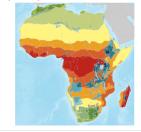
Categories

Production, Practices, Yield improvement

Tested/adopted in



This technology can be used in the colored agro-ecological zones.



Target groups

Farmers

2,000 USD

annual maintenance cost for 0.5 ha

50-100 USD one square metter of

hydroponic plastic beds

2,466 USD average net income per 250,000 USD

for 0.5 ha of fully equipped aquaponic system

Open source / open access

